MEMORANDON FOR: Mirector for Intelligence

The Joint Staff

The Joint Chiefs of Staff

SUBJECT

: Soviet and Satellite Maergency and Civil

Defense Planning

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: J201-26-60, 25 January 1960

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2. Available information does not make it possible to be fully responsive to each of these questions. However, I believe the enclosed will be of assistance.

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Deputy Firector

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#### SECLOSURE

# BARRET LABOR. DECEMBER STR. DEFENSE

(1) Civil Bergency, including Civil Defense Flanning Assemblion

The Soviet Union has understadly proposed divil defends planning assumptions, in at least as much detail as those in the referenced and some of the European Satellite countries make it disarthest eities and industrial plants have been extegorized by enter of civil defense priority. However, the specific civil defense planning assumptions of the Soviet Bloc have not been received. With respect to the seguitude of effort, it is estimated that the USER is currently spending approximately twice as much on the air defense mission as on the strategic attack mission.

### (2) Maraine System

Information from several Elec countries on the preparations of the civil defense saming system indicates a school including the following elements:

- a. A civil defense monitor in the national military air defense war rook.
- b. A civil defense command communications net using both radio and reserve wire lines.
- c. Pessible links between lower level military minwarning installations and local civil defense headquarters.
- d. Wire line and radio links at the local (city or area) level between various civil defence beed-quarters, observation posts, and important industrial plants; radio links to mobile civil defence units such as fire and police.

Marring for the population in the case of air slert is to be accomplished by sormal means -- whistles, sirens (reported in place in a number of cities), and "radio." There is evidence that the BESS would prefer to breadcast aborts over the wired speaker diffusion system rather than by mir aroadcast. The great majority of so-called "radios" in the USSS are actually wired speakers.

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Civil defense literature from the IESF states that shorts are ordered by civil defense chiefs at any administrative level from republic to city. Civil defense forces (statics are installations and recommissance units) are described as being responsible for detecting and determining the level of all types of contamination (chemical, biological, and redinlegical), after attack. Soviet manuals state that the explosion of an atomic vespon is to be automatically constraint as a chemical alarm requiring the use of individual protective gear and filtered ventilation in equipped air raid shelters. Those in abelter areas are required to remain these until fold to some out by civil defense authorities.

The amount of varning expected is not fully discussed.

Instructions list measures for a "threatening mituation"
assumes twenty-four hours will be available for proparation
movever, brief instructions are included for surprise attact
with no varning. One 1958 civil defense munual noted that
time may be very short, possibly not exceeding fifteen or
twenty minutes after the "alarm signal."

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The exchange of air warnings between civil defense units of Communist countries has not been reported.

## (3) Shelters

The existing Soviet "sax" of shelters, (becoments, busicers, subserve and tunnels) were built over an extended person and reflect, in part, early planning against conventional weaps s and also the \_\_\_\_\_ atomic book. Since 1934, the ILLEGIB Soviet civil defense publications evidence en anarement of the need for special measures to counter nuclea weapons effects. Since 1956, literature has included -ILLEGIB of shelter vestilating systems which incorporate blass trapand dust filters for protection from nuclear effects. [ has also incressed on underground shalters is the USER and on besement shelvers with ingremed calling cover. As early as 1955, a Creekenhoveking publication pointed out the adventages of basement similar **ILLEGIB** mesonry buildings against rediction effects -- the overlying concrete floors attenuating rediction by a factor of 1,000.

The majority of formal air raid shelters in the Soviet Union are to be of the beament type under muonry buildings, designed to be gestight and therefore affording good full-out protection whether designed prior to 1955 or not. Reduction to blast in must be sement shelters is probably low. It came to be described by much becoment shelter is combet-ready. In particular, it is not known how many shelters have been

An exercises of the rediction danger is thus descentanted.

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fitted with ventilation equipment, which will be essential for any prolonged use.	
shelters is included in construction costs. Built baring initial construction (or expansion, is the case of some factories), the cost of shelters is reportedly charged to the building project or to the using erganization or enterprise. (In the Satellites, where a few landlords still exist, shelter preparation can be charged to the owner.)	ILLEGIB
The query as to a "general shelter program" is interpreted to mean, do the Soviets intend to build formal shelter for all the areas population or even for the whole population. It is doubtful that shelter will be universally provided in urban areas. Datil 1958, instructions and literature indicated that the population would neek nearby shelter in case of attack. Those without formal shelter available were advised that, upon the declaration of a "threatening situation, they would have to prepare field-type shelters in pures, and other open areas. As designed, the latter are essentially wood-lined, earth-covered transhes.	ILLEGIB
Since 1950 Seviet publications have indicated that now early, strategic evacuation of urban areas may take place in the USSR. This has been specified to include the wearve of school children, the eged, and other now employed persons from urban areas. A recently published, rural civil defense manual mentions that the farm areas should be prepared to receive urban evacuous.	•
Self-bely	
Our knowledge of proposed remedial measures for post-exteck conditions in the Seviet Bloc is limited because the available literature is tailored to what the individual citizen needs to know.	
Available texts stress individual civil defense training and the organization of "self-defense" groups. Universal civil defense instruction has been programmed since 1955. Subjects covered include (a) weapons knowledge (including atomic, biological and chamical), (b) use of gas masks, (c) use of air raid shelters, (d) first-tighting, (e) rules for behavior during elects, (f) first-aid, and (g) decombant tion. Testing and practical exercises are being programmed courses of instruction.	ILLEGIB
	Blee publications report that the financing of nic shelters is included in construction costs. Built having instital senstruction (or expansion, is the case of sime fasteries), the cost of shelters is reportedly charged to the building preject or to the using erganization or enterprise. (In the Satellites, where a few landlords still exist, shelter preparation can be charged to the owner.)  The quary as to a "general shelter gragam" is interpreted to mean, do the Soviets intend to build formal shelter for all the arter population or even for the whole population: It is doubtful that shelter will be universally provided in urban areas. Butil 1958, instructions and literature indicated that the population would seek mearly shelter to ease of attack. Those without formal shelter available were advised that, upon the declaration of a "threatening situation, they would have to prepare field-type shelters in puries, an other open areas. As designed, the latter are essentially wood-lined, earth-covered transhes.  Since 1956 Seviet publications have indicated that none early, strategic evacuation of urban areas may take place in the USSR. This has been specified to include the renoval of school children, the aged, and other non-maployed person from urban areas. A recently published, rural civil defense manual mentions that the farm areas should be prepared to receive urban evacuous.  Salf-help  Our houseledge of proposed remedial measures for pest-attack conditions in the Soviet Bloc is limited because the availed le literature is tailored to that the individual citizen needs to know.  Available texts stress individual civil defense training and the organization of "self-defense" groups. Universal civil defense instruction has been programmed aimes 1555. Subjects covered include (a) unspense knowledge (including aboute, the lander and chemical), (b) use of gas moshe, (c) were of the cover.

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base "self-defense" groups of forty-four persons for about

	every five hundred inhabitants. Units within the self-defense group include those for order, fire-fighting, first aid, chemical defense, shelter, and for demage and self-defense specialised training of these groups is publicated in Soviet civil defense literature.	ILLEGIB
	Partony units of civil defense are among the better trained in the USSR and in the principal Satellites. These units include the factory guards, fire departments, medical and service personnel, with worker auxiliaries. Some factory units have been reported exercising for several years and have been approving publicity in the specialized presumbtch follows civil defense matters.	
	Byidence from the Satellites (Poland and Hungary) indicates that special civil defense "bettalions" are being prepared as trained reserves. It is considered probable that similaments are being prepared in the USSR.	
	Soviet literature stresses the development of self-bell capabilities at the lowest possible level. We have no solic information on the strength of the civil defense services. Soviet marmals state that all able-bodied citisens are obligated to assist in post-attack civil defense operations	
5)	Training	
	The Sorbloc countries have a variety of civil defense.  A national civil defense school is maintained in leningrad for training full-time staff officers. Satellite civil defense officials have attended courses in the Loningrad school for as long as a year.	ILLEGIB
	Scattered information indicates short courses at varying locations for city and plant officials, and for unit leader:	
	Numerous air defease schools (PVO) are identified in the press. These have the primary mission of proparing for the training of the general population.	ILLEGIB
	No estimate has been made as to the numbers trained it. specialized schools. The full-time Seviet officer corps of civil defense (numbering about 10,000) has hed or staff training or both.	ILLEGIB
6)	Control of the Population	
	Under civil defense conditions, the control of the	ILLEGIB

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the police. The uniformed police are the nucleus of the order "service" for civil defense. Auxiliary personnal are available from the numbers of the various verkers'	
militia groups and from the voluntary paramilitary one of which, exists in each Soviet bloc country. These	ILLEGIE
paramilitary societies are responsible for the civil training of the general population.	IFFE81E

No directives are known which detail the operation of control measures. Numerous remuels are available stiles. enjoin the population to obey the instructions of civil defense officials.

Regarding the question of how long the Soviets expect people to remain in shelter after attack, this our only be inferred. Published instructions anticipate the general population will carry food and water to the shelter. They are told not to leave shelter after esteck until ordered to do so. Home factory and special purpose shelters are occasionally reported to be stocked with food for a week.

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